

# Preparation, Characterization, and Redox Behavior of Molybdenum and Tungsten Complexes with Terminal Sulfide Groups

Hideki Sugimoto, Reiko Tajima, Takashi Sakurai, Hiroyuki Miyake, and Hiroshi Tsukube

*Department of Chemistry, Graduate School of Science, Osaka City University*

It is important to successfully add terminal sulfide groups to a single molybdenum and tungsten ion centers, since  $[\text{MS}]^{2+/3+}$  and  $[\text{M}(\text{O})\text{S}]^{2+}$  ( $\text{M} = \text{W}$  and  $\text{Mo}$ ) units play a key role in the active sites of the molybdenum and tungsten cofactors such as xanthine oxidase family and aldehyde ferredoxin oxidoreductase. Although a number of sulfur containing these metal complexes have been presented, mononuclear complexes including  $[\text{MS}]^{2+/3+}$  and  $[\text{M}(\text{O})\text{S}]^{2+}$  ( $\text{M} = \text{W}$  and  $\text{Mo}$ ) units have been limited. Here, we report preparation and characterization of some molybdenum and tungsten complexes containing  $[\text{MS}]$  and  $[\text{MO}(\text{S}_n)]$  cores ( $\text{M} = \text{Mo}$  and  $\text{W}$ ) supported by thiolate ligands.

A mononuclear five coordinate monosulfide molybdenum(IV) complex,  $[\text{Mo}^{\text{IV}}\text{S}(\text{L1})_m]^{n-}$  ( $\text{L1} = \text{thiolate}$ ), (**1**) was obtained and characterized by IR, UV-vis spectroscopic methods, and X-ray crystallography. In contrast to other mononuclear five coordinate monosulfide molybdenum complexes, (**1**) changed to the corresponding mononuclear molybdenum(V) complex (**2**) by oxidation with the ferrocenium cation, which was identified by ESI-MS, IR, ESR, and UV-vis spectroscopic methods. Furthermore, the dimerization from (**2**) to  $[\text{Mo}_2(\mu\text{-S})_2(\text{L1})_2]$  (**3**) was monitored by UV-vis spectroscopy and analyzed by second-order kinetics. As a tungsten complex, seven coordinate persulfide tungsten(VI) complex,  $[\text{W}^{\text{VI}}(\text{O})(\text{S}_2)(\text{L2})_m]^{n-}$  ( $\text{L2} = \text{thiolate}$ ), (**4**) was obtained and characterized by similar methods applied to (**1**). Comparing the  $\text{W}=\text{O}$  and  $\text{W}-\text{S}(\text{S}_2)$  distances, and the  $\nu(\text{W}=\text{O})$  stretching band of (**4**) with those of other complexes containing  $[\text{W}(\text{O})(\text{S}_2)]^{2+}$  core, the employed thiolate ligand was suggested to weaken the  $\text{W}=\text{O}$  and the  $\text{W}-\text{S}$  bonds. Abstraction of the sulfur atom of persulfide by treatment with phosphines and the redox behavior will be discussed.