## O<sub>2</sub>-Activation by Copper(I) Complexes of N-Alkyl Derivatives of cis, cis-1,3,5-Triaminocyclohexane

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Reaction of O<sub>2</sub> with copper(I) plays a vital role in enzymes oxidative catalysis. Especially, oxo)dicopper(III) complexes is quite interested as an isomer of \(\preceq\)  $\prod^2: \prod^2$ -peroxodicopper(II) complex that is generated in biological system. We recently reported that addition of  $O_2$  to  $[Cu(MeCN)(\mathbf{RL})]SbF_6$  (3) ( $\mathbf{L}=cis,cis-1,3,5$ -triaminocyclohexane;  $\mathbf{R}=i$ -Bu) in THF at 183 K afforded a bis([]oxo)dicopper(III) complex (6)<sup>1)</sup>. Herein, we report that the preparation and crystal structures of Cu(I) and Cu(II) complexes  $([Cu(MeCN)(RL)]^+(R = Et(1), Bn(2)), [Cu_2(OH)_2(RL)_2]^{2+}(R =$ Et (7), Bn (8)) and the reactivity of Cu(I) complexes with  $O_2$ .

Two Cu(I) complexes 1 and 2 were synthesized under portion in [Cu(MeCN)(EtL)]SbF<sub>6</sub>. anaerobic conditions (Figure 1), which reacted with O<sub>2</sub> in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> at 193 K to form bis(□-oxo)dicopper(III) complexes  $[\text{Cu}_2(\Box\text{-O})_2(\mathbf{RL})_2]^{2+}$  [**R** = Et (**4**;  $\Box_{\text{max}} = 309, 408 \text{ nm}$ ;  $\Box_{\text{Cu-O}^{16}} = 553, 581 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ ) and Bn (**5**;  $\Box_{\text{max}} = 306, 413 \text{ nm}$ ;  $\Box_{\text{Cu-O}^{16}} = 570 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ )], respectively. The half-life periods of **4** and **6** were 530 and 69 sec. in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> at 193 K, respectively, and that of 5 was too fast to follow. Those of **4-6** were 160, 8, and 280 sec. in THF at 193 K, respectively. We will discuss the relationship between the thermal stabilities and the reactivities of 4-6 on the basis of three crystal structures of  $[Cu_2(OH)_2(\mathbf{RL})_2]^{2+}$  (**R**: Et, Bn, and *i*-Bu) (Figure 2).

1) H. Arii et al. Chem. Lett., **32**, 156 (2003).

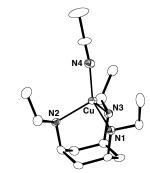


Figure 1. ORTEP view of the cationic

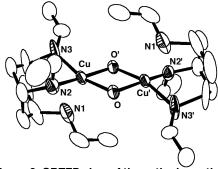


Figure 2. ORTEP view of the cationic portion in  $[Cu_2(OH)_2(EtL)_2](OTf)_2$ .