

Known misprints in Equilibrium Statistical Physics

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As of 5/01/14:

1. Equation 1.10: the magnetic moment, μ is a vector, even though it isn't marked as one. Consider it to be $\vec{\mu}$.
2. Chapter 1 problem 2: there should be a thermal average of the potential thus:

$$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i,j} \langle \phi(|\mathbf{r}_i - \mathbf{r}_j|) \rangle$$

3. Chapter 3, after Equation 3.10: the volume of an n-sphere is:

$$\mathbb{V} = C_d R^d$$

4. Chapter 3, Equation 3.11 should read:

$$W = \frac{\Delta V^N}{h^{3N} N!} \frac{(2m\pi E)^{3N/2}}{E(3N/2 - 1)!}$$

5. Chapter 3 Eq. 3.61: S_o accounts for other degrees of freedom, and can be a function of energy.
6. Chapter 3, problem 6:

$$TdS = C_v dT + T \left(\frac{\partial p}{\partial T} \right)_V dV$$

$$TdS = C_p dT + T \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial T} \right)_p dp$$

7. Chapter 3, problem 9: $E = -NJ \tanh(J/k_B T)$
8. Chapter 4, Equation 4.3: The $N!$ is the number of indistinguishable particles in the system. If there are several species with numbers $N_1, N_2, \dots$ then the factor is $\prod_i N_i!$.

9. Chapter 4, Figure 4.1: The y-axis should be $C_v/3NK_BT$.
10. Chapter 4, Section 4.4.1: Step 1:
For a classical system with $3N$ generalized coordinates, q and their corresponding momenta, p calculate:
11. Chapter 4, Equation 4.45: First line $p = nk_BT(1 + [b - a/k_BT]n)$
12. Chapter 5, Section 5.3: Step 5:
... in a classical system with $3N$ generalized coordinates, q and their corresponding momenta, p calculate:
13. Chapter 5, above Equation 5.19: $g = \lambda^3/k_BT$
14. Chapter 6, Section 6.1.4: The first equation should read:

$$\langle n_i \rangle = \frac{g}{e^{\beta(\epsilon_i - \mu)} + 1} \rightarrow g e^{\beta\mu} e^{-\beta\epsilon_i}$$
15. Chapter 6, Figure 6.7: The slope of the dashed gray line ...
16. Chapter 6, problem 5 should read: $s/k_B = (d + 1) \dots$