**Technical Report Documentation Page** 

1. Report No.	2. Government Accession No.	3. Recipient's Catalog No.	
SWT-2018-4			
4. Title and Subtitle		5. Report Date	
Resale Values of Electric and Conventional Vehicles: Recent Trends		March 2018	
and Influence on the Decision to Purchase a New Vehicle		6. Performing Organization Code	
		322501	
7. Author(s)		8. Performing Organization Report No.	
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9. Performing Organization Name and Address		10. Work Unit no. (TRAIS)	
The University of Michigan			
Sustainable Worldwide Transportation		11. Contract or Grant No.	
2901 Baxter Road			
Ann Arbor, Michigan 48109-215	0 U.S.A.		
12. Sponsoring Agency Name and Address	ing Agency Name and Address		
ExxonMobil Corporation Irving, TX 75039		Covered	
		14. Sponsoring Agency Code	
15. Supplementary Notes			
Information about Sustainable Worldwide Transportation is available at			
http://www.umich.edu/~umtriswt	•		

16. Abstract

This study was designed to investigate recent changes in vehicle resale value and the effect of resale value on consumer purchasing decisions regarding plug-in electric vehicles (PEVs). Specifically, the study investigated (1) resale value comparisons for recent model years of PEVs and comparable internal-combustion-engine (ICE) vehicles, and (2) consumer experience and opinions regarding the importance of vehicle resale value relative to other fundamental vehicle aspects for an individual's decision to purchase various vehicle types, including PEVs. Of interest were both types of PEVs, battery-electric vehicles (BEVs) and plug-in hybrid electric vehicles (PHEVs).

The results indicate that without accounting for the current federal tax rebate, both types of PEVs (i.e., BEVs and PHEVs) lose resale value faster than comparable ICE vehicles. However, when accounting for the federal tax rebate incentives for PEVs and the resulting effective reduction in purchase price, both BEVs and PHEVs tended to retain their relative resale value substantially better than without such an incentive, with PHEVs retaining resale value as well as their ICE counterparts.

Survey respondents named purchase price, fuel economy and fuel costs, and safety performance most often among the top three vehicle aspects that are important to them when considering the purchase of an ICE vehicle. For PEVs, the aspects named most often were maximum battery range, purchase price, and safety performance. While resale value did not feature prominently among the important aspects for purchasing either type of vehicles, it was more important for PHEVs than ICEs.

<sup>17.</sup> Key Words vehicle resale value, electric vehicles, internal combustion engine			18. Distribution Statement
vehicles, purchasing, leasing			
19. Security Classification (of this report)	20. Security Classification (of this page)	21. No. of Pages	22. Price
None	None	39	